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ARB 4x4 ACCESSORIES

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IMPORTANT :

BEFORE ATTEMPTING TO DISMANTLE YOUR VEHICLE FOR THIS INSTALLATION, PLEASE READ THIS INSTALLATION GUIDE IN ITS ENTIRETY, AS WELL AS ALL APPLICABLE SECTIONS OF YOUR VEHICLE MANUFACTURER'S SERVICE MANUAL.

1.1 **Pre-Installation Preparation**

This booklet is to be used in conjunction with your vehicle manufacturer's service manual. ARB endeavors to account for every possible variation in vehicle model when publishing its installation guides, and guides are updated regularly as new model information becomes available, however, the rapid and globally varied release of some vehicles makes it difficult to insure that your vehicle model has been accurately accounted for. In the case of any technical discrepancies between this guide and your service manual, we strongly advise that you adhere to the specifications and techniques as documented in your service manual.

Although your *ARB Air Locker* comes complete with all the step by step instructions you will need to supplement your vehicle manufacturer's service manual and install your new differential, ARB recommends that you have your *Air Locker* installed by a trained professional. Many ARB distributors around the world have been fully instructed in *Air Locker* installations by ARB, and have gained a wealth of experience and skill from years of performing similar installations.

Once you begin this installation your vehicle will be immobile until all steps of the installation are complete. Make sure your *Air Locker* kit is the correct model for your vehicle and that it contains all of the parts listed on back cover of this booklet. Also be sure you have appropriately equipped yourself with all the necessary tools, parts, and materials to complete this installation (see Section 1.2 *Tool-Kit Recommendations*), and that you have allowed for an appropriate amount of vehicle down time.

HINT : Place a ✓ mark inside each of the ☐ symbols as you complete each step. It is very important NOT to miss any of the steps!



Introduction

1.2 Tool-Kit Recommendations

Below is a list of tools and supplies you <u>may need</u> to complete this installation. Requirements for your vehicle may vary. Please consult your vehicle service manual for additional recommendations.

1.2.1 Tools

1

Standard automotive sizes (metric and/or imperial) of sockets, wrenches, Allan keys, and drills.
A dial indicator or other suitable measuring tool for checking ring & pinion backlash.
A razor knife for nylon tubing.
A differential housing spreader to facilitate removal and installation of the carrier.
A torque wrench (See vehicle service manual for required torque range)
A lubricant drain reservoir.
A slide hammer for removing CV axles.
Suitable measuring tools to measure a differential for preload shimming. (e.g., an automotive feeler gauge)
A 11.2mm [7/16"] drill and ¼"NPT tap for bulkhead fitting installation.
An automotive bearing puller (2 jawed) or a differential carrier bearing puller.
A bearing press or arbor press.
1.2.2 Supplies
Thread lubricant/sealant compound for pressure fittings (e.g., LOCTITE #567 Teflon paste)
Thread locking compound (e.g., LOCTITE #272)
A gasket sealant or replacement gasket for your differential.
A sufficient volume of differential oil to completely refill your

housing. (see the ARB Air Locker Operating and Service Manual for recommended lubricants)

A soap and water mixture to test for air leaks.

A selection of differential bearing shims to set-up preload and backlash.



Vehicle Support 2.1

Safely secure the vehicle on a hoist. We recommend supporting the vehicle on a chassis hoist to keep the differential area at a convenient working height and to leave the wheels and axles free to be rotated and removed.

Once supported in the air, chock the wheels (if necessary) and leave the vehicle in neutral.

2.2 **Differential Fluid Drain**

- Clean around the differential drain plug to prevent dirt from entering the differential.
- \neg Position a fluid drain reservoir under the differential.
- Remove the drain plug and drain all of the oil from the housing.
- HINT : This is a good time to check for metal particles in your oil and on the end of the magnetic drain plug, which may indicate a worn bearing or differential component.

Once drained, reinstall the drain plug.

Removing the Differential Assembly 2.3

- Remove the stub axles from the differential housing according to your vehicle manufacturer's service manual.
- NOTE : Rubber oil seals can be easily damaged. Support the weight of the axle when extracting it across the edges of the seals.
- Disconnect the drive shaft from the pinion flange.
- Completely remove the entire differential assembly.



2 Removing the Existing Differential

2.4 Marking the Bearing Caps

- Secure the differential assembly to a workbench.
- Completely remove the front access cover.
- Using a small pointed center punch, gently mark the bearing caps in a way that will enable you to know which cap is 'LEFT' and which cap is 'RIGHT', which way is 'UP' and which way is 'DOWN'. (Fig.1.)
- Mark the right hand cap in a similar way.



HINT : Many installers choose to make one punch mark on the left hand side of the left hand bearing cap and a similar mark on the housing at close proximity to the cap mark. The right hand side is then designated with two punch marks on the right hand side of the cap and two similar punch marks on the housing.

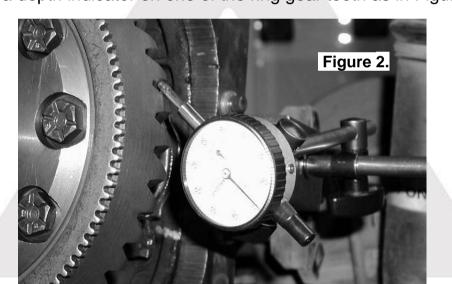


2.5 Checking the Current Backlash Amount

IMPORTANT:

This step is a precautionary measure recommended by ARB due to the fact that some aftermarket ring and pinion sets have been manufactured to run with different backlash settings than those specified by your vehicle manufacturer. Although ARB must recommend you set backlash according to your service manual guidelines, we also advise that you compare the backlash measurements taken here to the recommended backlash settings in your vehicle service manual. Measurements found to be outside of your service manual recommendations may indicate the need to deviate from those settings in order to achieve quiet running with a good contact mark. Refer to your vehicle service manual or your local authorized

ARB installer for more information.



Set a depth indicator on one of the ring gear teeth as in Figure 2.

While supporting the pinion gear by holding the drive shaft flange, rotate the differential in both directions while observing the maximum variation in depth from the indicator (i.e., the highest value minus the lowest value). This value is referred to as the ring and pinion backlash.

Rotate the differential center 90° and measure again for accuracy.
Record the average of all measurements.



2 Removing the Existing Differential

2.6 Removing the Differential Center

- Remove the floating shaft or ADD (Automatic Differential Disconnect) unit (if present) from the side of the differential housing.
- Remove the bearing cap retaining bolts and then remove both bearing caps.
- Gently pry the differential center forward until it comes free of the housing.
- NOTE : Be sure not to mix up the left and right hand tapered roller bearing cups or preload shims. Later it will be necessary to know which cup came from which bearing and which shim came from which side of the differential.



3.1 Approximate Backlash Shimming

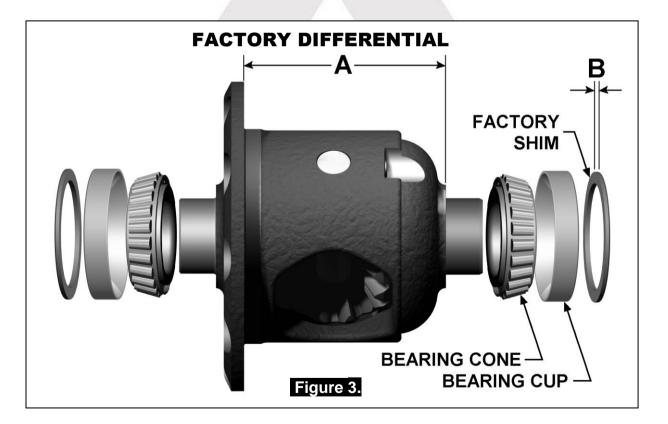
In order to reproduce a similar preload and ring and pinion backlash in your *Air Locker* to that of your existing differential, measurements need to be taken so that a shim thickness can be calculated.

- Secure the differential to a workbench.
- Remove the bolts that hold the ring gear in place.
- Using a plastic or copper hammer, tap in a circle around the ring gear to separate it from the differential carrier.
- Remove the original bearings and shims from the differential center using a bearing puller.

NOTE :

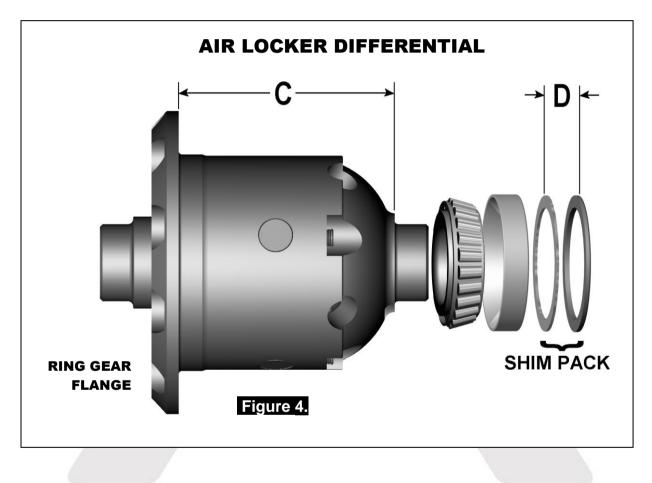
Keep the bearings and shims separated so that they can be identified as to which end of the differential they came from.

Examine the bearing cup and cone from Figure 3. for damage or wear and, if necessary, discard it and replace it with the same size and type of bearing.





- ☐ Using a caliper or similarly accurate measurement method (i.e., able to take accurate measurements within 0.04mm [0.0015"]), measure the distance from the shoulder of the bearing journal to the ring gear mounting face (shown as 'A' in Figure 3.) and record this measurement as 'A'.
- Measure the thickness of the factory shim removed from the end of the differential carrier (shown as 'B' in Figure 3.) and record this measurement as 'B'.



Measure the distance from the Air Locker bearing shoulder to the ring gear mounting face (shown as 'C' in Figure 4.) and record this measurement as 'C'.



3.2 Calculation & Selection of Backlash Shims

Ideally, the measurement you recorded as 'C' from the *Air Locker* differential will closely match 'A' on the existing differential (within 0.1mm [0.004"]) and then the factory shim can be reused, however, quite often these measurements will vary slightly between one factory differential and the next.

If this is the case you must create a new shim pack thickness by using the measurements you recorded earlier to find a desired measurement for '**D**' in Figure 4.

Use the following calculation:

$$A + B - C = D$$
 (Replacement Shim Pack)

HINT : If your calculations are correct then the following calculation will also be true:

$$A + B - C - D = ZERO$$

Create a shim pack to match the thickness calculated as 'D'.

To achieve the desired shim thickness you can:

- Machine down the factory shim thickness.
- Add shims between the factory shim and the bearing cup.

HINT : A selection of shims of this size have been supplied with your *Air Locker* kit.

- Purchase new factory shims at the desired thickness.
- Use a universal shim kit available from most drive train specialists.
- Add small amounts of shim between the bearing cone and the bearing seat.

NOTE : <u>NEVER</u> machine the *Air Locker*.



3.3 Mounting the Ring Gear

IMPORTANT:

As the Hyundai Terracan has Ø12mm ring gear bolts, fitment to this vehicle will require drilling the flange holes of the *Air Locker* from Ø10.2mm to Ø12.2mm [31/64"] to suit.

Apply a thin film of high pressure grease to the ring gear shoulder of the *Air Locker* to prevent seizing.

Thoroughly clean any thread locking compound or other foreign matter from the holes of the ring gear, the threads of the ring gear bolts, and the mating surfaces between the ring gear and the *Air Locker* flange.

HINT : Stoning the ring gear mounting face before installation will remove any high spots around the threads.

Heat the ring gear to between 80 and 100°C [175 - 212°F] in hot water or in an oven to slightly expand the gear and facilitate assembly.

NOTE : <u>NEVER HEAT GEARS WITH A FLAME!</u> This could damage the hardened surface of the gear and result in premature wear or failure.

Dry the gear and bolt holes with compressed air (if wet).

Install the ring gear onto the Air Locker by aligning the bolt holes and then gently tapping it around in a circle with a soft mallet. Avoid using the bolts to pull down the ring gear as this puts excess strain on the bolts and the differential flange.

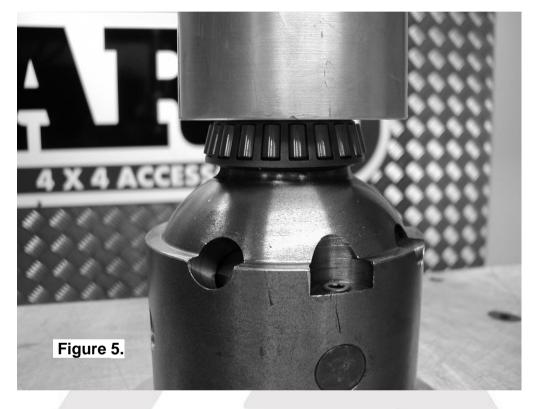
Apply a thread locking compound to the thread of each ring gear bolt before inserting it. Do not apply threading compound directly into the threaded hole as this could prevent the bolt from reaching its full depth.

Tighten the ring gear bolts in a star pattern with a torque wrench according to your vehicle manufacturer's specified torque.



3.4 Installing the Carrier Bearings

- Apply a thin film of high pressure grease to both bearing journals of the *Air Locker*.
- ☐ Using a bearing press or arbor press, press one of the original tapered roller bearing cones onto the bearing journal opposite to the ring gear flange of the differential carrier (As shown in Figure 5.) until the bearing seats firmly against the bearing journal shoulder.

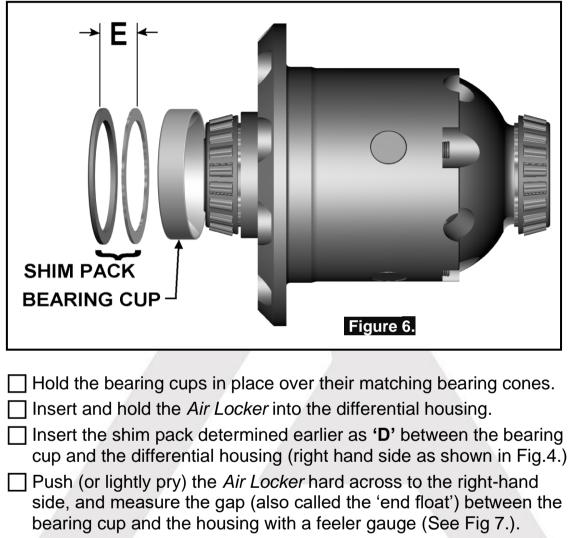


- Invert the Air Locker and press the bearing cone which was supplied with the Air Locker kit onto the bearing journal on the ring gear flange side of the differential (the seal housing side) until the bearing seats firmly against the bearing journal shoulder.
- NOTE : Never re-use any bearings which are damaged or worn. Do not add any shims between the seal housing bearing and the bearing seat.



3.5 Preload Shim Measurement

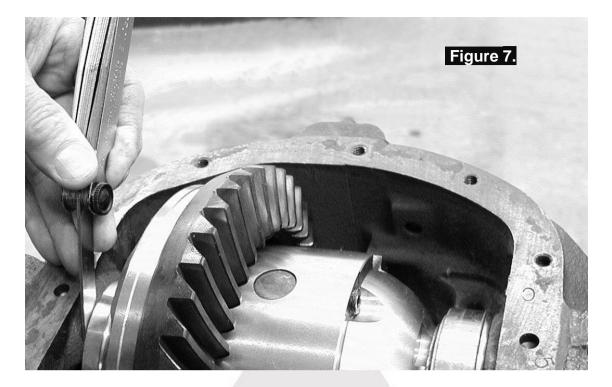
In order to preload the tapered roller bearings in your *Air Locker*, measurements need to be taken so that a value can be calculated for the total shim thickness **'E'** in Figure 6.



Record this measurement.

- Consult your vehicle manufacturer's service manual to determine the carrier bearing preload amount specified for your vehicle.
- **NOTE :** If your service manual specifies preload in terms of a torque value measured off the drive pinion flange, then assume a preload amount of 0.25mm [0.01"] for the following calculations. Once you have assembled the housing to check the final backlash (Refer to Section 3.12 *Checking the Backlash*) you should verify that your preload is correct using a torque wrench and your service manual's table of values.





 Add the specified preload amount to the end float measurement determined with the feeler gauge to determine a shim amount for 'E' (Refer to Figure 6.).

PRELOAD + END FLOAT = SHIM PACK

Create a shim pack 'E' to closely match the calculated amount.

NOTE : When creating the shim pack 'E', use at least 0.75mm [0.030"] of the Air Locker shim pack between the factory shim and the bearing cup in order to prevent the cage of the bearing from contacting the factory shim.

To achieve this desired shim thickness you can:

- Machine down the factory shim thickness.
- Add shims between the factory shim and the bearing cup.
- Purchase new factory shims at the desired thickness.
- Use a universal shim kit available from most drive train specialists.

NOTE :

Do not add shims between the bearing cone and the bearing seat and <u>NEVER</u> machine the *Air Locker*.

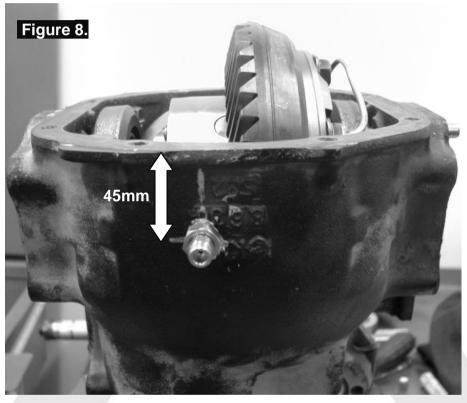


3.6 Drilling & Tapping the Bulkhead Port

A port must be drilled and tapped through the differential housing to allow the seal housing tube through the housing to connect with the air line from the air compressor.

Remove the *Air Locker* from the housing.

Mark a spot on the top of the outside shell of the differential housing in the position shown in Figure 8. The location should be about 45mm [1.75"] from the gasket face of the cover flange and very close to the teeth of the ring gear inside.



- Cover the drive pinion and bearing seat areas with rags to protect them from metal filings.
- Drill through the housing square to the outside surface using a 11.2mm [7/16"] drill.
- \Box Tap the hole from the outside using a ¹/₄" NPT pipe tap.
- Remove any sharp edges from the hole that may chip-off and fall into the housing.
- Carefully remove the rags and inspect with a service light inside the housing to insure no metal filings are left behind.

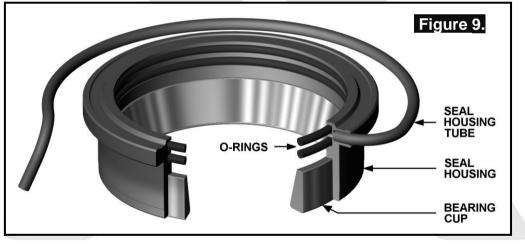


3.7 Installing the Bulkhead Fitting

- To obtain an oil tight seal, apply a thread sealant to the threads of the bulkhead body, screw it into the bulkhead port (from the outside), and tighten.
- Wipe the area clean of any excess thread sealant (inside and outside of the housing).

3.8 Installing the Seal Housing

- Apply a thin film of high pressure grease to the outside of the tapered roller bearing cup supplied with the *Air Locker*.
- Using a bearing press or arbor press, press the bearing cup into the seal housing (narrow edge first) until it stops at the end of the bore.
- NOTE : Do not install the bearing cup upside down. Refer to Figure 9. for the correct installation direction. Be careful not to bend the seal housing tube or damage the O-ring grooves.



- Make sure the seal housing tube and the grooves of the seal housing are clean and free from any contaminants (e.g., water, dirt, metal filings, etc.).
- Inspect the seal housing O-rings (supplied) for dirt, damage or other conditions which might cause leaks.

Generously lubricate the O-rings with oil prior to assembly, then insert them into the grooves of the seal housing.

NOTE : When assembling the O-rings, be careful not to leave them twisted when seated in the grooves as this could cause excessive wear and leakage.

- Install the seal housing onto the Air Locker by carefully sliding it over the bearing journal by hand with a gentle twisting motion. This will allow the O-rings to engage gently.
- Rotate the seal housing a few turns to make sure it rotates freely and smoothly.

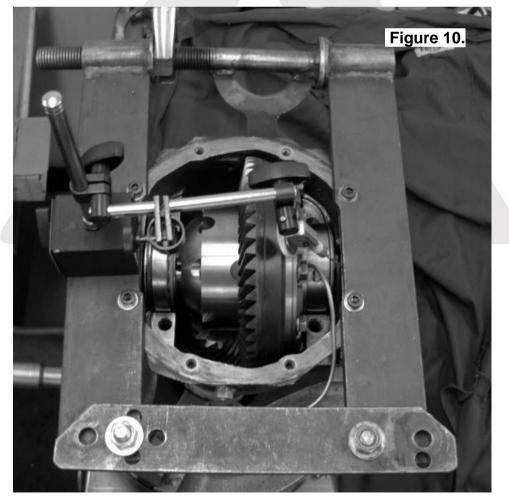
3.9 Installing the Differential Center

IMPORTANT:

YOU MUST SPREAD THE HOUSING.

Spreading the differential housing with a differential case spreader is a step which is critical to set up bearing pre-load on cast iron differential housings. Improper pre-load will result in undue bearing wear, increased stresses in the differential center, increased running noise, and ultimately, ring and pinion gear damage.

Set up a spreader and a dial indicator as shown in Fig 10.





Carefully spread the housing (Fig 10.) just enough to install the differential carrier (Refer to your vehicle's service manual).

NOTE : Never spread the housing more than 0.5mm [0.020"].

☐ While holding the bearing cup onto the carrier bearing, hold the shim packs 'D' and 'E' in their correct positions, then insert the Air Locker into the differential housing with the seal housing solder joint rotated so that it is pointing out of the differential housing.

NOTE : If the shim pack is too difficult to install then the shims may need to be tapped in. Be careful not to damage the shim packs while installing them.

Bend the seal housing tube around the outside of the ring gear until the end of the tube can be inserted through the hole in the bulkhead fitting (See Fig.11.).



Remove the spreader.

Install the bearing caps oriented as they were marked before they were removed, and tighten the bearing cap bolts. It is not necessary to torque them down at this time.

Check that some backlash can be felt between the ring and pinion gears. No backlash would be an early indication of incorrect shim thickness.



3.10 Setting Up the Bulkhead Fit	ting
Apply thread sealant to the outside thread sealant to the outside thread body into the tapp using a 14mm [9/16"] spanner.	•
Wipe the area clean of any excess three outside of the housing).	ead sealant (inside and
Insert the free end of the seal housing until it protrudes approximately 8mm [5]	•
From the outside of the housing, asser over the top of the short length of seal through the bulkhead fitting.	•
Install the brass spacer.	
Install the second small O-ring after the	e spacer.
While holding the seal housing tube into the chamfered end of the center comp extended tube as shown in the assemil screw it into the bulkhead body, and tig screwdriver.	ression nut over the oly diagram (Fig. 12.), and
	Figure 12.
	BULKHEAD BODY
SEALANT REQUIRED	CENTER COMPRESSION NUT O-RING SPACER O-RING DIFFERENTIAL HOUSING SEAL HOUSING TUBE
· · ·	TO SEAL HOUSING

NOTE :

Make sure the seal housing tube is all of the way into the center compression nut while you are tightening it.

NOTE :

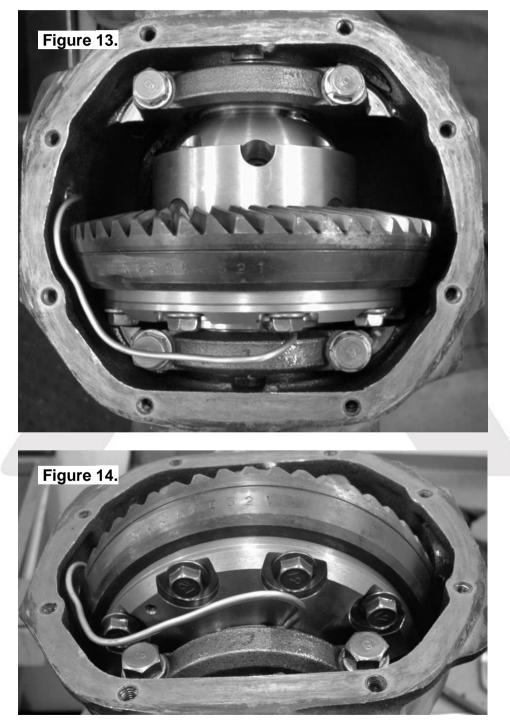
Firmly tighten the center compression nut so that a good seal is formed around the tube.



3.11 Final Assembly

The seal housing tube needs to be carefully bent so that it will stay clear of any moving parts of the differential and not rub against any sharp stationary edges on the bearing cap or the differential housing.

☐ Without using sharp, jagged tools such as pliers (usually your hands are the best tool for this job), gently bend the seal housing tube so that it closely follows the profile of the Air Locker and the ring gear. (See Fig.13. & Fig.14.)



NOTE : Any contact due to vibration or shock could wear the tube over time and eventually cause a leak. Keep the tube away from any sharp edges of the bearing cap or any other part of the differential housing.

Check the gap between the *Air Locker* and any close points on the seal housing tube with a feeler gauge to insure that adequate clearance exists.

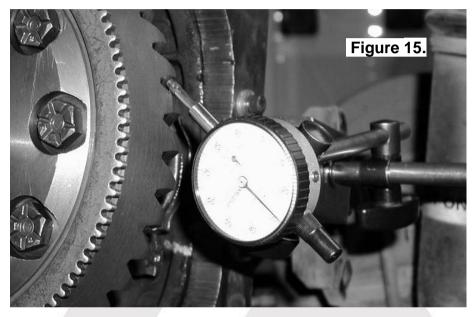
NOTE : Less than 8mm [5/16"] should be considered too little clearance.

Position the access cover in its installed position to check that no part of the tube comes in contact with it.



3.12 Checking the Backlash

- Refer to your vehicle manufacturer's service manual for the specified maximum and minimum amounts of backlash. If the backlash measured here is not within the specifications then the differential will have to be re-shimmed.
- Tighten all bearing cap bolts with a torque wrench to the torque specified in your vehicle manufacturer's service manual.
- Set a plunge type dial indicator on one of the ring gear teeth as in Figure 15.



While supporting the pinion gear by holding the drive shaft, rotate the differential in both directions while observing the maximum variation in depth from the indicator (i.e., the highest value minus the lowest value). This value is referred to as the ring and pinion backlash.

Rotate the differential center 90° and measure again for accuracy.

Record the average of all measurements.

NOTE :

This step is only necessary when adjusting for incorrect backlash.

- Remove the bearing caps.
- Remove the shim packs from both ends of differential.
- ☐ To decrease the amount of backlash, reduce the shim thickness 'D' (Fig.4.) and increase the shim thickness 'E' (Fig.6.) by the same amount. Reverse this step to increase the backlash.
 - Remount the differential as before.
- Check backlash again as before.



3.13 Bench Testing the Air Locker

- To bench test the *Air Locker*, when 620kPa [90 PSI] shop air is applied to the seal housing tube, the *Air Locker* should engage.
- Check all fittings and the seal housing for air leaks.
- Rotate the differential carrier by turning the pinion flange whilst applying air pressure.
- NOTE : An accurate way to test for air leaks is to fit a shut-off valve to an air pressure gauge. (ARB part # ALTG01 shown in Fig.16.) Once 620 KPA [90 PSI] is reached the valve can be off, the air hose disconnected, and the pressure gauge observed to see if there is any drop in pressure.



If a leak is found to be present, spray a soap and water mixture onto the bulkhead air fitting. Bubbles should appear at any leak points.

NOTE : Do not spray this soapy mixture inside the differential.

- Check that leaky fittings have been adequately tightened.
- Disassemble, clean threads, and reapply thread sealant if leaking persists.
- ☐ If a leak is found at the seal housing, remove the *Air Locker* and carefully remove the seal housing assembly and examine the O-rings. Be very careful with the O-rings and check for defects, damage, wear, or presence of foreign material in the O-ring grooves. Replace if necessary.

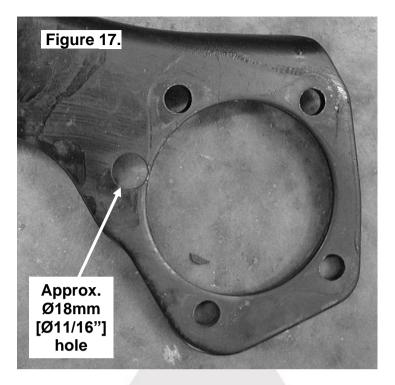


3.14 Reinstalling the Differential Assembly

Reassemble the differential assembly according to your vehicle manufacturer's service manual using gasket sealant where necessary.

- **NOTE :** Be careful not to damage the sintered bushing in the end of the *Air Locker* when installing axle stubs. The fit should be snug, and light tapping may be required to fully insert the stub into the spline. In some cases, a small chamfer may need to be ground onto the axle stubs as a lead-in for insertion into the bushings.
- **NOTE :** On Automatic Differential Disconnect (ADD) equipped models, ensure that the stub shaft does not bind on the cross shaft. To check this, the ADD housing must be able to be installed all of the way onto the differential housing without using the bolts to pull it down. If the ADD housing cannot be fully installed, remove the stub shaft from the differential. Grind some material from the end that goes into the *Air Locker* to create clearance to the cross shaft, and recheck.
- HINT : Drilling an access hole in the right hand differential support bracket (See Fig. 17.) allows the bolts on the inner stub axle flanged joint to be inserted after the differential assembly is already in position under the vehicle. This makes reinstalling much easier.





Install the differential assembly into the vehicle.

When inserting the CV axle into the differential housing a gentle tap will be required to seat the retaining clip.

NOTE : Be careful not to damage oil seals with the axles.

Reconnect the drive shaft flange.



4.1 Mounting the Solenoid

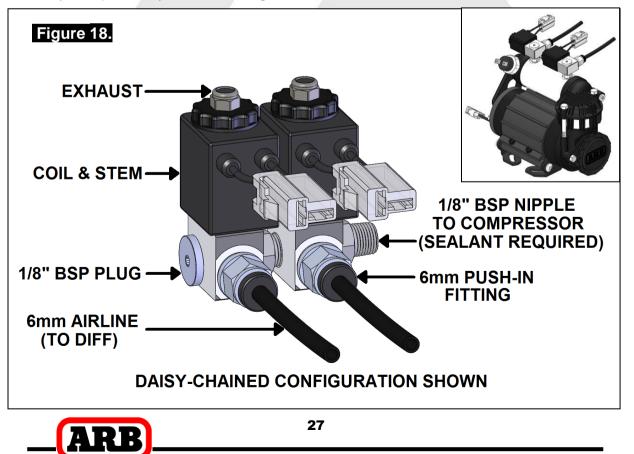
4.1.1 Connection to an ARB Air Compressor (Fig. 18.)

Remove one of the 1/8" BSP plugs from its port in the compressor tank.

Apply Teflon paste to the 1/8" BSP nipple on the solenoid and insert it into the port and tighten. The solenoid should be rotated into a position which does not obstruct any other ports on the compressor tank.

- **NOTE :** The coil and stem of the solenoid can be removed to make installation easier.
- NOTE : The solenoid is marked with two #1 ports. If space is tight, a second solenoid can be "daisy-chained" off the first one by removing the plug from the redundant #1 port and screwing the nipple from the second solenoid into it (Fig. 18.).
- **NOTE :** The solenoid exhausts compressed air through the center of the black retaining cap when the *Air Locker* is disengaged. Make sure this orifice cannot be obstructed.

Assemble the 6mm push-in fitting into the solenoid outlet port (stamped "2") and hand tighten.



4.1.2 Connection to an Alternate Air Source

For ease of installation, quality of air supply, and a high level of dependability from your *Air Locker*(s), ARB strongly recommends use of a genuine *ARB Air Compressor*, however, the *Air Locker* air system can be operated on any alternate air source that meets each of the following guidelines:

Must supply a minimum of 85PSI [586kPa].

The air source should have a tank capacity which enables it to actuate the *Air Locker*(s) in one charge so that no hesitation is experienced when locking one or two differentials.

- HINT : A good way to insure that you have the necessary capacity is to make sure you can engage, disengage, and then reengage your *Air Locker*(s) without the air source having to regenerate (e.g., without the compressor turning on to refill the tank).
 - Must supply clean air, free of rust, dirt, water, or other foreign matter.
 - Must match the 1/8" BSP porting of the *Air Locker* solenoid.
- Mount solenoid within close proximity of the air supply and secure it from the effects of vibration and shock.
- Connect the air supply to the 1/8" BSP inlet port of the solenoid (stamped "1" on the solenoid body) using thread sealant.

IMPORTANT:

ARB cannot warranty your *Air Locker*(s) against damage caused as a result of using an alternate air supply. If you have any doubts as to the suitability of your air system to use in an *Air Locker* system, consult your ARB distributor.



4.2 Running and Securing the Air Line

The path taken by the air line from your air source (i.e., compressor) to your *Air Locker* is unique to your vehicle and the position of your air source. Plan ahead carefully when running the air line and always follow these guidelines:

Account for axle travel when running the line from the axle to a fixed
point on the vehicle. Leave enough slack in the air line to allow for
maximum suspension travel in both directions.

Avoid leaving large lengths of air line hanging underneath the vehicle where they may get tangled on rocks, sticks, etc.

HINT : Cable tying the air line to one of your flexible brake lines will account for axle travel and should help keep your line from getting snagged.

Run the air line all the way from the compressor to the differential
before trimming either end of the line to length. This will save
complications which may arise if the air line has to be removed.
Make sure the line does not contact sharp edges or abrasive

SL	urfaces th	hat may d	amage th	e air line	over time	•			
	o not run	the air lir	e around	l tight be	nds which	may kir	nk the	air I	ine

and restrict or block the airflow.	
Keep the air line well away from your vehicle's exhaust c	omponents.

Keep the air line well away from your vehicle's exhaust com	pone
Air lines will melt if subjected to extreme heat.	

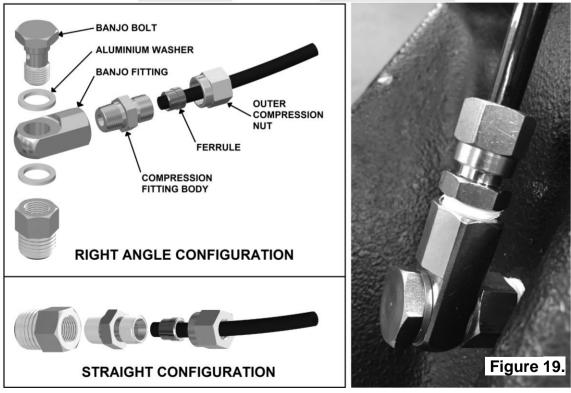
- Do not run more air line than necessary. Excess line volume created when coiling the left over hose, using unusually large diameter hose, etc., will increase drain on the compressor tank resulting in the compressor running more often than needed.
- Support the air line by tying it back with cable ties wherever possible.
- At the solenoid end of the air line, trim the line to length with a sharp knife.



- To attach the air line to the push-in fitting of the solenoid; insert the line firmly into the fitting, pull outward on the flange of the fitting while holding the line as far into the fitting as possible, and then gently pull outward on the air line to clamp the line in place.
- **NOTE :** To remove the air line from the push-in fitting; push the air line as far into the fitting as possible and hold, push inward on the flange, and then pull the air line free of the fitting.

4.3 Connection to the Bulkhead Fitting

- Trim the air line to length using a sharp knife.
- Assemble an aluminium washer onto the banjo bolt and insert through the banjo fitting. Assemble second aluminium washer and tighten into bulkhead fitting using a 14mm [9/16"] spanner. (Fig.19.)
- Apply thread sealant to the tapered thread of the compression fitting body and screw into the banjo fitting. Tighten using a 12mm spanner.
- Insert the outer compression nut and ferrule over the air line. Ferrule should be orientated as per Fig.19.





Push the airline into the compression fitting body and screw the outer nut down onto it. Using a 12mm spanner, tighten the outer nut onto the compression fitting body.

NOTE : Some force is required to crush the ferrule, however the outer compression nut will tighten against a stop. Over tightening will not create a better seal.

Secure any loose sections of tube with a cable tie.

NOTE : When right angle routing of the tube is not required, screw the compression fitting body straight into the bulkhead fitting body (Fig.19.).



5.1 Mounting the Actuator Switch(es)

Air Locker actuator switch(es) can be easily panel mounted inside the vehicle in a 21mm x 36.5mm [0.83" x 1.44"] rectangular cutout.

NOTE : Only attach the cover plate to the face of the switch once the switch has been mounted and wired correctly as the cover plates are designed to be difficult to remove.

For reasons of safety and for ease of operation, the *Air Locker* actuator switch(es) should be mounted in a location picked to best suit the operator. Make sure you have taken the following points into consideration:

- Switch(es) **MUST** be mounted and should never be allowed to simply dangle from the wiring loom during vehicle use.
- Switch(es) should be within easy reach of the driver. Ideally, any *Air Locker* switch should be able to be operated without physical effort or distraction to the driver. Switch(es) should be mounted within the line of sight of the driver so that switch position ('ON' or 'OFF') can be visually determined by the rocker position and the illumination state.
- The position of the switch(es) should best eliminate any possibility of accidental operation by the driver or one of the passengers.
- Switch cutout position(s) must be located in an area with a minimum of 50mm [2"] of clearance behind the face of the cutout
- Switch(es) should not be mounted where they will be exposed to water (e.g., in the lower section of an inner door panel).
- ARB recommends that you apply the Air Locker warning sticker (ARB part # 210101) within close visual proximity of the switch location.



NOTE :

If no adequate position can be found on existing dashboard panels, a surface mounted bracket (Fig.20.) may be purchased from your *ARB Air Locker* distributor to suit 1, 2, or 3 switches.



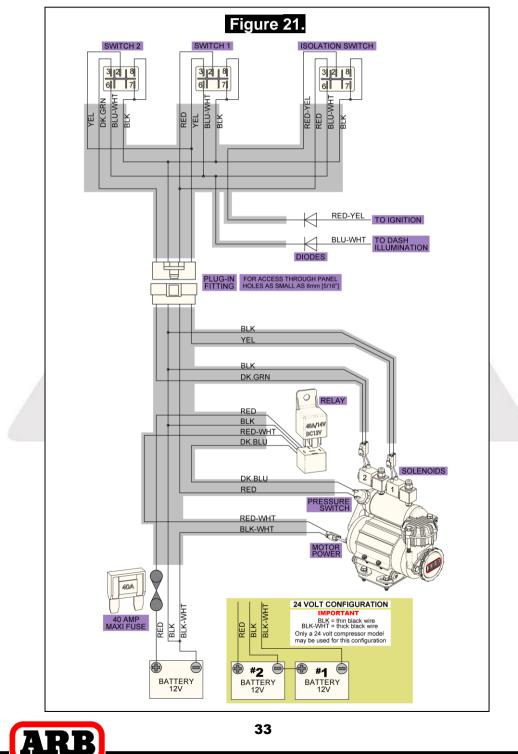
5.2 Wiring the Actuator System

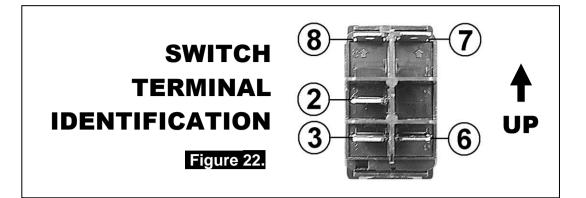
5.2.1 Connection to an ARB Air Compressor

When wiring the *Air Locker* actuator switch(es) and solenoid(s) to an *ARB Air Compressor*, all connections can easily be set up directly from the supplied wiring loom (Fig.21.).

NOTE :

180409 model loom shown for reference only. Refer to your ARB Air Compressor Installation Guide for details on configuring your installation.





5.2.2 Connection to an Alternate Air Source

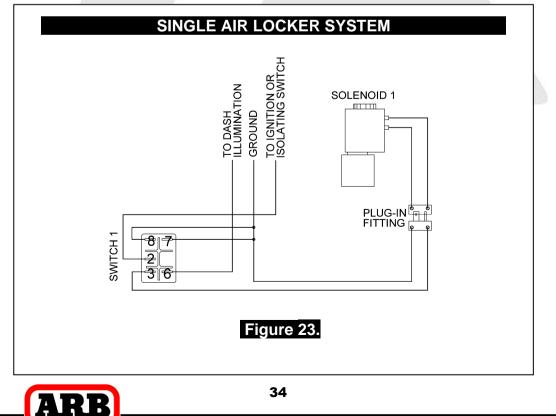
When connecting the actuation switch to an alternate air source, the switch(es) should be wired according to Figures 23. and 24., depending on whether one or two *Air Lockers* will be installed in the vehicle.

5.2.2.1 Single Air Locker System

- ☐ If only one *Air Locker* is to be installed in the system, the switch and solenoid should be wired according to Figure 23. regardless of whether the *Air Locker* has been installed in the front or rear axle of the vehicle.
- Attach the appropriate switch cover (i.e., 'FRONT' or 'REAR') to the switch.

NOTE :

Refer to Figure 22. for the correct switch terminal identification and switch orientation.



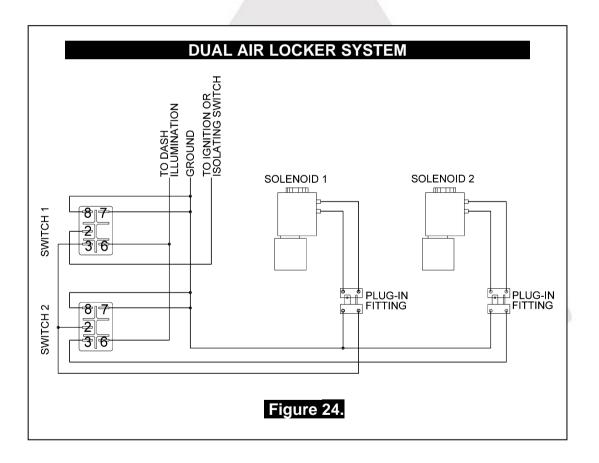
5.2.2.2 Dual Air Locker System

If two Air Lockers are to be installed in the system, ARB recommends that the switches and solenoids be wired according to Figure 24. For safety reasons, this configuration allows SOLENOID 2 to be actuated only if SOLENOID 1 is already on.

Attach the "REAR AIR LOCKER" switch cover to SWITCH 1, and the "FRONT AIR LOCKER" switch cover to SWITCH 2.

NOTE : Refer to Figure 22. for the correct switch terminal identification and switch orientation.

Configure SOLENOID 1 as the air line leading to the rear axle *Air Locker*, and SOLENOID 2 as the air line leading to the front axle *Air Locker*.





6 Testing & Final Assembly

6.1 Leak Testing

With the vehicle parked and the engine off, turn the compressor on and wait until the air system is fully charged.

NOTE : With the *Air Locker*(s) disengaged, the air source (i.e., compressor) should not have to recharge over time. Intermittent recharging without *Air Locker* use usually indicates a leak at the solenoid fittings or at the compressor tank O-ring seal.

Actuate the *Air Locker*(s).

The compressor should not come on again for a period of at least 15min. Air system recharging within that time period would indicate that a leak is present in the system.

- NOTE : If an alternate air source (e.g., an air cylinder or a belt driven air pump) is used instead of a compressor, the air system will have to be leak tested with a pressure gauge and a shut-off valve in series before the solenoid input.
- ☐ If a leak is found to be present, spray a soap and water mixture onto all air fittings in the system while the compressor is fully charged. Bubbles should appear at any leak points.

Check that leaky fittings have been adequately tightened.

Disassemble, clean threads, and reapply thread sealant if leaking persists.

6.2 Testing the Air Locker Actuation

To test that your air system, electrical system, and your *Air Locker* differential is functioning correctly:

Support the vehicle such that the wheels are free to rotate (e.g., on axle stands, a chassis hoist, etc.)

Leave the parking brake off, the transmission in neutral, and the *Air Locker* switch 'OFF'.

Turn the ignition to the 'ON' position (leaving the motor off). The large illuminating symbol on the *Air Locker* switch cover should be 'OFF'.

Turn the compressor (or alternate air source) on to charge the air supply up to its maximum pressure.

Rotate one wheel by hand.



6 Testing & Final Assembly

The wheel should rotate freely and the opposite wheel should be turning in the opposite direction without any resistance or mechanical noise from within the differential.

- Turn the *Air Locker* switch to the 'ON' position. The illuminated symbol on the switch cover should light up.
- Rotate the same wheel again.
- Both wheels should rotate together.
- Turn the switch off again.
- Rotate the same wheel.
- The wheels should again rotate in opposite directions.

6.3 Re-Sealing & Filling the Differential

NOTE :

- Consult the *ARB Air Locker Operating* & *Service Manual* for recommendations on differential lubricant specifications.
- Refill the differential until level with the filler hole.
- Rotate the differential center 2 full turns.
- Check the oil level and refill if necessary.
- Replace filler plug (apply thread sealant to filler plug before inserting if it is a threaded type plug).
- Wipe differential housing clean of any oil or grease which may collect dirt or other abrasive particles.

6.4 Note For ADD Equipped Vehicles

IFS vehicles equipped with Automatic Differential Disconnect (ADD) do not disconnect both wheels from the differential. Because of this, the internal gears of the differential of all ADD vehicles are in constant motion when moving in two wheel drive. For this reason, the front *Air Locker* in an ADD equipped vehicle **must never be engaged while moving in two wheel drive**, as doing so would cause any motion in the internal differential gears to be instantly transferred to your ring and pinion set, potentially causing extensive damage to your ring and pinion gears, your CV joints, and to your *Air Locker* differential. To eliminate this problem, save wear on your differential components, prolong the life of your CV joints, and increase your fuel mileage, ARB recommends that you eliminate the drag and wear in your front driveline components (which are not even being used in 2WD) by installing manual locking hubs, especially if your vehicle is used for extensive two wheel driving.



6 Testing & Final Assembly

6.5 Post-Installation Check List

Now that the *Air Locker* installation has been completed, ARB recommends that you take the time to complete the following check list just to insure that you haven't missed any of the vital steps.

The air system has been leak tester	d.
Thread locking compound was used	d on the ring gear bolts.
All torque settings comply with the vand were set with an accurate torque	•
Differential fluid complies with ARB been filled to the correct level.	recommendations and has
All air lines and wiring have been se snagging.	ecurely cable tied to resist
Switch(es) have been securely mou well away from danger of accidenta	
Switch(es) function correctly and illu Locker(s) have been engaged.	uminate to indicate that Air
The Air Locker Warning Sticker has proximity of the actuator switch(es).	
All operators who are to use the Air understand the ARB Air Locker Operators	
INSTALLATION PERFORMED BY:	
DATE OF INSTALLATION:	
ODOMETER READING:	
AIR LOCKER SERIAL No.:	

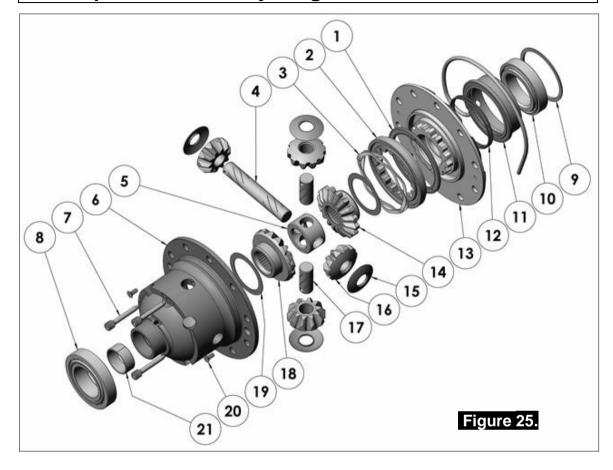


Parts List 7



MITSUBISHI IFS,28 SPL

Exploded Assembly Diagram (see itemized parts list overleaf) 7.1



7.2 Specifications

Ratio Supported All Ring Gear ID 124.0mm [4.88"] Ring Gear Torque 85Nm [63 ft-lb] Bearing Cap Torque 60Nm [44 ft-lb]

Axle Spline 28 tooth, Ø28.8mm [1.13"] Ring Gear Bolts 10 bolts on Ø150mm [5.91"] Backlash 0.13-0.18mm [0.005-0.007"]



7.3 Itemized Parts List

(see exploded diagram Fig.25.)

ITEM #	# QTY DESCRIPTION PART #		NOTES	
1	1 BONDED SEAL 1607		160701SP	
2	1	CLUTCH GEAR & WAVESPRING KIT	050902SP	
3	1 WAVESPRING		150702SP	
4	1	LONG CROSS SHAFT	061302SP	
5	1	SPIDER BLOCK 070503SP		
6	1	DIFFERENTIAL CASE	013107SP	
7	1	RETAINING PIN SET (PK OF 4)	120601SP	
8	1	TAPERED ROLLER BEARING	NOT SUPPLIED	
9	1	SHIM KIT	SHK008	
*	1	MASTER SHIM	150320	
10	1	TAPERED ROLLER BEARING	160117	2
11	1	SEAL HOUSING KIT	081701SP	
12	1	SEAL HOUSING O-RINGS (PK OF 2)	160251-2	1
13 1		FLANGE CAP KIT	028507SP	
14	1	SPLINED SIDE GEAR	SEE NOTE	3
15	4	PINION THRUST WASHER	SEE NOTE	4
16	4	PINION GEAR	SEE NOTE	3
17	2	SHORT CROSS SHAFT	061402SP	
18	1	SIDE GEAR	SEE NOTE	3
19	2	SIDE GEAR THRUST WASHER	SEE NOTE	4
20	1	COUNTERSUNK SCREW (PK OF 2)	200213SP	
21	1	ANTI-FRICTION BUSHING (PTFE)	160803SP	
*	1	AIR LINE (6mm DIA X 6m LONG)	170314SP	5
*	1	BULKHEAD FITTING KIT (BANJO TYPE)	170114	5
*	1	SOLENOID VALVE (12V)	180103	
*	1	CABLE TIE (PK Of 25)	180305	
*	1	SWITCH FR LOCKER	180223	
*	1	OPERATING & SERVICE MANUAL	210200	
*	* 1 INSTALLATION GUIDE 2102110		2102110	

*

Not illustrated in exploded view

NOTES

- 1 For replacement O-rings use only BS149 Viton 75.
- 2 For replacement bearing use Timken part # LM503349 / LM503310.
- 3 Available only as complete 6 gear set # 728J051
- 4 Available only as complete thrust washer kit #730J01
- 5 All diffs produced before serial #17070001 came with 5mm air connection system. For information contact ARB.
- Spare axle retaining clips may be required (not supplied) to refit CV shafts.

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